

Mikro[®] Power Meter

DPM680/B



**Instruction
Manual**

BEFORE YOU BEGIN

Please read this instruction manual thoroughly before installation, operation and maintenance of the DPM680 power meter.



This power meter should NOT be installed or used for primary protection. Do not use the device in applications where its failure can cause harm or death. Avoid high fire risk applications.

The symbol on the left is used throughout this instruction manual to alert the user or personnel of the danger or to prompt caution during the installation and maintenance process.

EMC COMPLIANCE

This power meter has been tested and found to comply with the limits of the IEC/EN61000 EMC standards. These standards are designed to provide reasonable protection against interference when using this device. Failure to install or use the device in accordance with the instruction may cause harmful interference. This does not, however, guarantee that interference will not occur in any installation. In case of interference, the user is encouraged to:

- relocate or reorient the victim/emitting equipment
- change the connection point of the victim/emitting equipment
- increase the distance between the victim/emitting equipment and the power meter

Please consult a qualified technician for assistance.

DISCLAIMER

Mikro shall not be liable for errors contained herein including any incidental and/or consequential damages arising from the use of this material. Mikro also reserves the right to vary the product from that described in this material without prior notice.

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TABLE OF CONTENT

1. INTRODUCTION	5	3.3.9 Voltage Harmonics Table	26
1.1 How to Use This Manual	5	3.3.10 Voltage Waveform	27
1.2 Content of Box	8	3.4 CURRENT sub-menu	28
1.3 Parts of the Power Meter	8	3.4.1 Phase Current	29
2. INSTALLATION	10	3.4.2 Maximum Current	30
2.1 Precautions	10	3.4.3 Minimum Current	31
2.2 Meter Placement & Connections	10	3.4.4 Current Demand	32
2.3 Meter Setup	14	3.4.5 Maximum Current Demand	34
2.4 TCP/IP Connection Setup	15	3.4.6 Sequence Currents	34
3. METER OPERATIONS	17	3.4.7 Current Harmonics	35
3.1 OVERVIEW page & MAIN MENU	17	3.4.8 Current Harmonics Table	36
3.2 Password Authentication	18	3.4.9 Current Waveform	37
3.3 VOLTAGE sub-menu	20	3.5 PF & FREQUENCY sub-menu	38
3.3.1 Phase Voltage	21	3.5.1 PF and Frequency	39
3.3.2 Line Voltage	21	3.5.2 Power Factor (PF)	39
3.3.3 Maximum Phase Voltage	22	3.5.3 Displacement PF (DPF)	40
3.3.4 Minimum Phase Voltage	22	3.5.4 Max/Min Inductive PF	40
3.3.5 Maximum Line Voltage	23	3.5.5 Max/Min Capacitive PF	41
3.3.6 Minimum Line Voltage	24	3.5.6 Max/Min Frequency	42
3.3.7 Sequence Voltages	24	3.6 POWER sub-menu	43
3.3.8 Voltage Harmonics	25	3.6.1 Active Power	43
		3.6.2 Reactive Power	44
		3.6.3 Apparent Power	45

3.6.4	Total Power	45	3.8.3.1	Version	63
3.6.5	Power Demand	46	3.8.3.2	Date & Time	64
3.6.6	Maximum Power Demand	47	3.8.3.3	Change Device Password	65
3.6.7	Maximum Active Power	48	3.8.3.4	Factory Settings	66
3.6.8	Minimum Active Power	49	3.8.3.5	Display Settings	67
3.6.9	Maximum Reactive Power	50	3.8.4	For Factory Use Only	68
3.6.10	Minimum Reactive Power	51			
3.6.11	Maximum Apparent Power	52	4. WEBPAGE OPERATIONS		
3.6.12	Minimum Apparent Power	53	(ONLY FOR DPM680)		68
3.7	ENERGY sub-menu	54	4.1	Voltage and Current page	68
3.7.1	Active Energy	54	4.2	Energy and Power page	70
3.7.2	Reactive Energy	55	4.3	Parameter Setting page	72
3.7.3	Apparent Energy	55	4.3.1	Webpage Password	74
3.7.4	Total Energy	56			
3.7.5	Reset Energy Counters	57	5. MODBUS OPERATIONS		75
3.8	SETTING sub-menu	57			
3.8.1	CT & VT Ratios	58	6. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE		76
3.8.2	Communication Settings		Appendix A	Specifications	77
	(only for DPM680)	59	Appendix B	Numerical Methods	81
3.8.2.1	Ethernet (TCP/IP)		B.1	Demand Calculation	81
	(only for DPM680)	60	B.2	Total Harmonic Distortion Calculation	82
3.8.2.2	Modbus	61	B.3	Sequence Components Calculation	82
3.8.2.3	View Network Details		B.4	Power Factor Calculation	83
	(only for DPM680)	62	B.5	Apparent Power Calculation	83
3.8.3	System Settings	63			

1

INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing the DPM680 Digital Power Meter. This multifunction power meter features a user-friendly colour graphical and touch button interface. It's primary function is for measuring the following parameters:

- True RMS phase (LN) and line (LL) voltage.
- True RMS phase and neutral current.
- Active, reactive and apparent power.
- Active, reactive and apparent energy.
- Total and displacement power factor.
- Frequency.
- Voltage and current harmonics.
- Voltage and current total harmonic distortion (THD).
- Positive, negative and zero sequence voltage and current.
- Current (thermal) demand for phase current.
- Power demand for active, reactive and apparent power.
- Time stamped maximum and minimum voltage, current, power factor, frequency and power.
- Time stamped maximum current and power demands.

It's large colour graphics LCD also displays:

- Scalable voltage and current waveforms
- Voltage and current harmonic spectrums up to the 32nd order

For SCADA and remote monitoring, this power meter also comes with:

- Modbus RTU connectivity
- Modbus TCP/IP connectivity (only for DPM680)
- Built-in webserver (only for DPM680)

1.1

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

For installation instruction, the Installation chapter 2 should be read carefully.

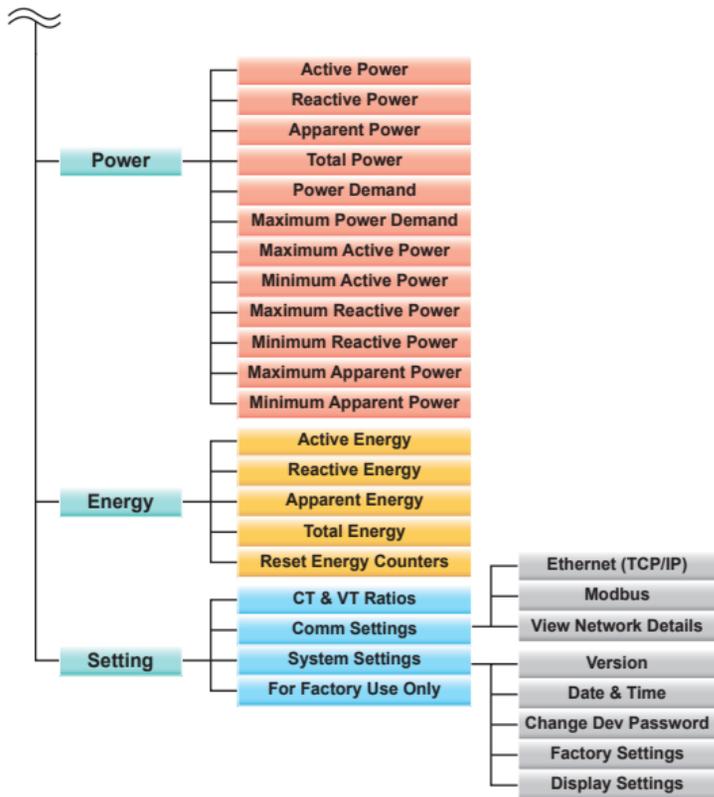
The OVERVIEW page & MAIN MENU and Password Authentication sections of the Meter Operations chapter 3 cover the common steps before jumping to any parameter page. The tree diagram shown in Fig 1 shows the menus, sub menus, pages and sub pages to navigate through before reaching the page of interest.

Please refer to the Table of Content to jump to the operation details in the Meter Operations chapter 3. Chapter 6 on Troubleshooting Guide can be used stand-alone. For DPM680, chapter 4 deals with the Webpage Operations. Finally, chapter 5 on the Modbus Operations should be used in conjunction with the **DPM680 Modbus Communication Manual** that can be downloaded from the www.itmikro.com website. Information on calculation methods are given in Appendix B.

Detailed technical specifications and parametric limits are listed in Appendix A.

Fig 1 : Operation tree diagram





1.2

CONTENT OF BOX

Upon opening this box, you should find the following items shown in Table 1:

Table 1 : Parts list

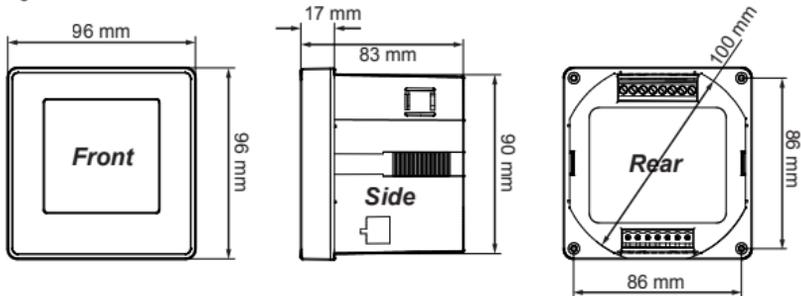
No	Description	Quantity
1	DPM680/B power meter	1
2	Retainer clip	2
3	Control power plug	1
4	RS-485 plug	1
5	Voltage input plug	1
6	This instruction manual	1

1.3

PARTS OF THE POWER METER

Fig 2 shows the outline dimension of the power meter.

Fig 2 : Dimension of meter



The parts and locations in the meter where connections and fastening are made is shown in Fig 3 and Table 2:

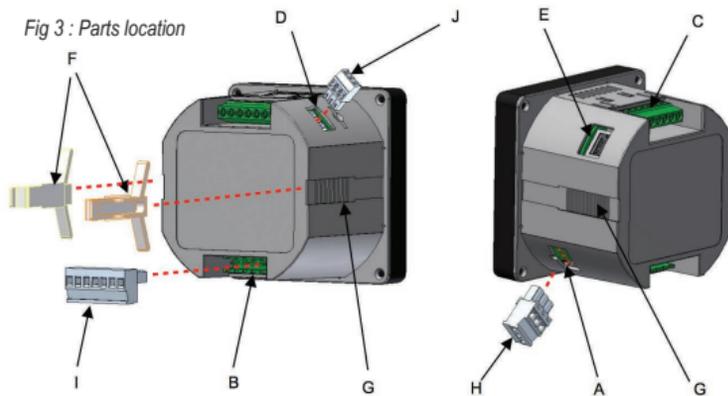


Table 2 : Location and parts labels

Label	Part / Location	Description
A	Control power input	Meter control power supply
B	Voltage input	Metering voltage connection
C	Current input	Metering current connection
D	RS-485 port	RS-485 connection for Modbus RTU
E	RJ45 port	LAN connection for Modbus TCP/IP & webserver (only for DPM680)
F	Retainer clip	Clip to hold meter in cut out hole
G	Retainer clip slot	Location to slide the retainer clips
H	Control power plug	Meter control power detachable terminal block
I	Voltage input plug	Metering voltage detachable terminal block
J	RS-485 plug	RS-485 detachable terminal block

2 INSTALLATION

2.1 PRECAUTIONS



Please observe the following safety precautions before and during the installation of the power meter:

- Only competent and trained personnel should install this device.
- Use appropriate personal protective gloves, glasses and clothing.
- Never work alone.
- Disconnect ALL (metering, control power and communication) power sources to the meter before performing installation, inspection, test and maintenance.
- Do not perform megger, hi-pot or any high voltage stress test with the meter connected to the system.
- Use a shorting block to short circuit the CTs before disconnecting from the meter.
- Install in a suitable enclosure where meter connections are inaccessible with sufficient clearance from other live parts.
- Do not bypass any fuse.
- Follow safe electrical work practices.
- Use only dry cloth to wipe the meter.

Please note that incorrect installation may impair the operation or even damage the meter. There is no user servicable part in the meter. Tampering with the meter may damage the meter, resulting in injury or even death and also voiding any warranty.

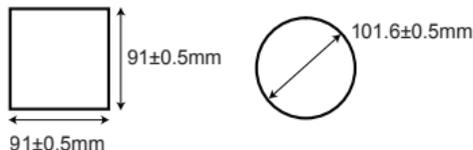
2.2 METER PLACEMENT & CONNECTIONS

Before installing the power meter, please check that the environment meets the following conditions:

- Operating temperature: -10°C to $+55^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Humidity: 5% to 95%, non condensing.
- Dust free environment with sufficient ventilation away from electrical noise and radiation.

All wiring must be in accordance with local codes and regulations.

Fig 4 : Cut-out hole

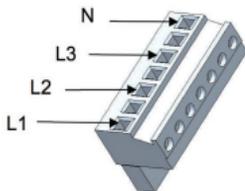


- a) provide a cut out hole on the switchgear and control panel according to DIN43700/ANSI C39.1 as shown in Fig 4.
- b) insert the meter through the hole and slide in the retainer clip along the slots on both sides of the power meter until the device is tightly secured on the switchgear and control panel. The direction and orientation of the retainer clips is shown in Fig 3. The retainer clip can be removed by lifting the tab lightly at the handle end.
- c) remove the detachable terminal block from the voltage input connection and connect the metering voltage inputs to the detachable terminal block as shown in Fig 5 according to the wiring schemes shown in Figs 6 to 9 below. The recommended wire size is AWG16~22.



Shunt any unused metering voltage input to the N input connection

Fig 5 :
Metering voltage input detachable terminal block connections



Please make sure the power to the voltage metering input is totally removed.

Upon completing this step, please insert the detachable terminal block securely into the voltage input connector housing.



The terminal block must be inserted securely into the connector housing on the meter to prevent improper operation.

- d) connect the metering current input to the current input terminal block as shown in Fig 10 at page 12. The recommended wire size is AWG12~18.



Never connect the metering current input to the measured circuits without using CTs.



Please make sure the power to the current metering input is always shunted. Under no circumstances can the CT connections be left open circuit. Use a CT shorting block if necessary.



Only use CTs complying with IEC 61869 - 2

Fig 6 :
3-phase star plus neutral,
4CTs with direct voltage input connection

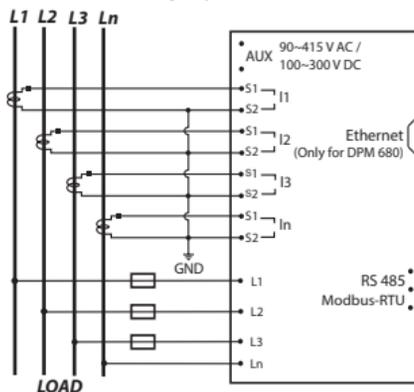


Fig 7 :
3-phase star plus neutral,
3CTs with direct voltage input connection

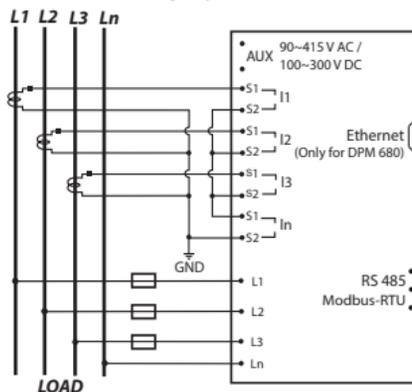


Fig 8 :
3-phase delta without neutral 3CTs with 3VTs connection

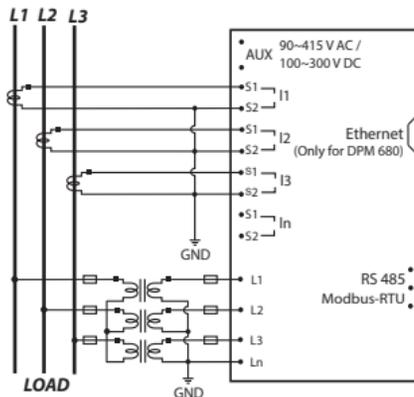


Fig 9 :
3-phase delta without neutral 3CTs with direct
voltage input connection

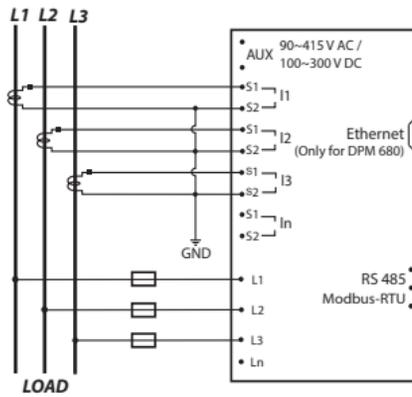
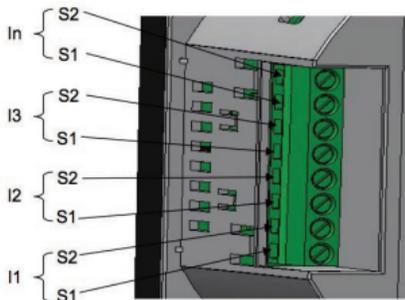
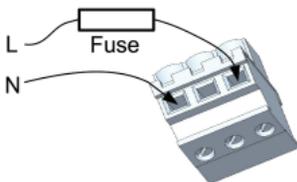


Fig 10 :
3-phase and neutral CT connections



- e) remove the detachable terminal block from the meter control power supply connection and connect the control power supply via a fuse to the terminal block as shown in Fig 11. The recommended wire size is AWG 16 ~ 20.

Fig 11 :
Control power connections



Please make sure the power to the meter control is totally removed.



The meter control power supply **MUST** be connected via an external circuit breaker and be protected by a CAT IV fuse.

The recommended fuse part no is LVSP5 from Littelfuse. Please note that without this fuse, the meter installation is only rated at CAT II. For CAT II installations, an adequate circuit breaker or fuse according to local regulations should be installed.

Upon completing this step, please insert the detachable terminal block into the meter control power supply connector housing.



The terminal block must be inserted securely into the connector housing on the meter to prevent improper operation.

An isolation transformer or EMC filter may need to be installed before feeding into the power meter in case of power quality problems in the control power supply.

- f) if Modbus RTU is used, remove the detachable terminal block from the RS-485 port and connect the Modbus communication cable to the terminal block as shown in Fig 12. The recommended wire size is AWG22 or thicker, shielded twisted pair.



Please make sure the polarity is correctly aligned.

Fig 12:
Modbus RTU connections



Up to 32 devices can be connected in a daisy chain fashion and the total cable length should not be more than 1000m.



Avoid running the cable near sources of electrical noise. The network cable shield should be grounded at only ONE end.

Upon completing this step, please insert the detachable terminal block into the RS-485 port connector housing.



The terminal block must be inserted securely into the connector housing on the meter to prevent improper operation.

- g) for DPM680, if Modbus TCP/IP or the web-server is used, simply connect the LAN cable's RJ45 connector to the RJ45 port shown in Fig 3.



Please make sure the connector snaps into the port to ensure proper connection is made.

2.3 METER SETUP

Before commencing operation, the meter has to be set up. To do this, the meter must be powered up by the meter control power supply.

Under section 3.8, the following parameters should be reviewed against the default value and modified if necessary:

- CT ratio and VT ratio, see section 3.8.1
- IP address and subnet mask, see sections 3.8.2.1 and 3.8.2.3 (only for DPM680)
- RS-485 serial data format and baud rate, see section 3.8.2.2
- Modbus RTU device address, see section 3.8.2.2
- Modbus remote read enable, see section 3.8.2.2
- Date and time, see section 3.8.3.2
- Device password, see section 3.8.3.3

To reset the energy register values, please see section 3.7.5

The following parameters should also be reviewed against the default value and modified if necessary:

- demand interval and sub interval block for thermal current demand, see section 3.4.4
- demand interval and sub interval block for power demand, see section 3.6.5

The following registers should be reviewed and reset if necessary:

- maximum and minimum phase voltages, see sections 3.3.3 & 3.3.4
- maximum and minimum line voltages, see sections 3.3.5 & 3.3.6
- maximum and minimum current, see sections 3.4.2 & 3.4.3
- maximum current demand, see section 3.4.5
- maximum and minimum inductive power factor, see section 3.5.4
- maximum and minimum capacitive power factor, see section 3.5.5
- maximum and minimum frequency, see section 3.5.6

- maximum power demand, see section 3.6.6
- maximum and minimum active power, see sections 3.6.7 & 3.6.8
- maximum and minimum reactive power, see sections 3.6.9 & 3.6.10
- maximum and minimum apparent power, see sections 3.6.11 & 3.6.12

2.4

TCP/IP CONNECTION SETUP

The meter runs on IPv4 and its TCP/IP settings can either be fixed by the user or assigned via DHCP. By default, the TCP/IP settings are assigned via DHCP and the alternate default fixed TCP/IP settings are as follow:

IPv4 address: 192.168.28.28

Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0

Gateway address: 192.168.28.1

These values can be changed at the meter as explained in section 3.8.2.1.

Only devices within the sub-network as defined by the subnet mask can communicate with the meter. In the instance of the above default subnet mask, only devices (e.g. PC or router, etc.) with IP addresses that begin with 192.168.28 can communicate with the meter.

For direct PC connection, the IP address of the PC can be changed as follows:

- go to the **START** menu and click on the **Control Panel** label.
- under the **Network and Internet** heading, click on the **View network status and tasks** link.
- under the **Tasks** sidebar, click on the **Manage network connections** link.
- double click on the LAN port that is connected to the meter. You may be asked by Windows for access permission. Upon confirmation, you will see the **Local Area Connection Properties** window as shown in Fig 13.

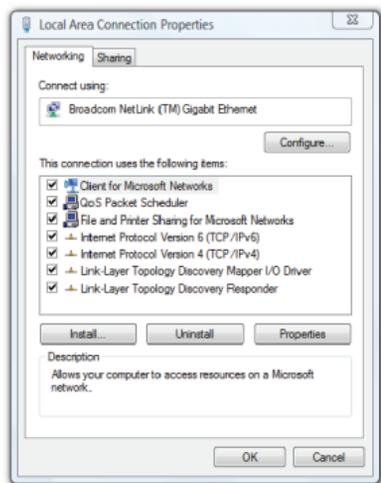


Fig 13 :
Local Area Connection Properties window

- Single click to highlight the **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)** bar and click on the Properties button. The **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties** window will appear as shown in Fig 14.
- check on the **Use the following IP address** button and set the IP address to 192.168.28.1 and the subnet mask to 255.255.255.0 as shown below.

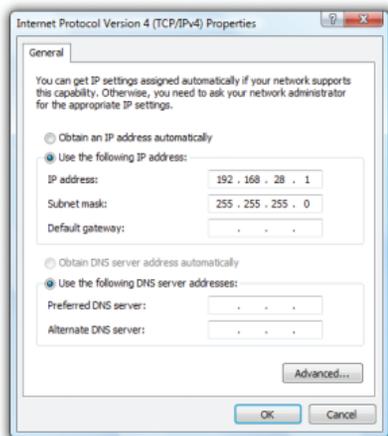


Fig 14 :
Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties window

NOTE:

The last digit of the IP address may be varied from 1 up to 255 but care must be taken to use only a vacant IP address.

- g) click on the **OK** button to exit. Repeat pressing the **OK** button in the **Local Area Connection Properties** window.

3

METER OPERATIONS

The power meter front panel user interface comes with a large colour LCD display and 4 touch buttons, labelled F1, F2, F3 and F4 as shown in Fig 15.

To touch the button, simply place a finger on the square below the labels corresponding to the menu item at the bottom of the display.

3.1 OVERVIEW PAGE & MAIN MENU

Upon power up, the power meter will display an OVERVIEW page, listing a summary of basic parameters for all phases as shown in Fig 15:

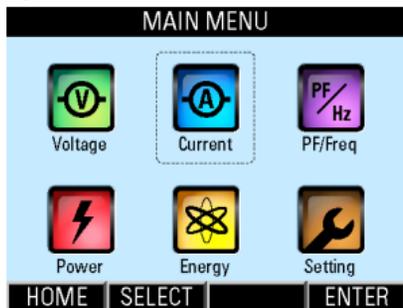
Fig 15 : **OVERVIEW** page

OVERVIEW			
L1	L2	L3	
249.1 V	246.5 V	251.4 V	
70.9 A	91.6 A	70.2 A	
17.148 kW	2.290 kW	17.240 kW	
17.383 kVA	22.478 kVA	17.613 kVA	
0.982 Cap	0.996 Ind	0.981 Cap	
F1	F2	F3	F4
<input type="button" value="□"/>	<input type="button" value="□"/>	<input type="button" value="□"/>	<input type="button" value="□"/>

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- when any button is touched, the **MAIN MENU** will be displayed as shown in Fig 16 below.
- to go to the sub-menu of interest, touch the **SELECT (F2)** button in multiple times until the corresponding icon is highlighted (within a dashed rectangular box) as shown in Fig 16. To confirm this selection, touch the **ENTER (F4)** button.
- to return to the **OVERVIEW** page, touch the **HOME (F1)** button in the **MAIN MENU**.

Fig 16 : **MAIN MENU**



When the power meter is left idle for more than 5 minutes, the display will default to the OVERVIEW page.

3.2 PASSWORD AUTHENTICATION

For authentication in the parameter setting operations, the user may be prompted for a valid password. In this mode, the **Enter Password** window as shown in Fig 17 below will appear.

Fig 17 : **Enter Password** window



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to abort the operation and return to the previous page, touch the **ABORT (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **SET (F1)** button to enter the input password mode.

In the input password mode, the **UP (F2)** and **DOWN (F3)** buttons will become active and the background colour of the active field will be changed to white.

NOTE:

The device password will be used for all authentication purposes except in the **Factory Settings** sub page.

The default device password is 9999. The user is advised to set their own password for security reasons.

On the other hand, the factory setting password is fixed at 6256 and it cannot be changed.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to increase the number, touch the **UP (F2)** button.
- to decrease the number, touch the **DOWN (F3)** button.
- to select the next active field to change, touch the **NEXT (F1)** button and repeat the above 2 steps.
- to abort the operation and return to the previous page, touch the **ABORT (F4)** button.
- to confirm the password, touch the **ENTER (F4)** button. If the password is wrong, an error message will appear and the above process has to be repeated unless aborted by touching the **ABORT (F4)** button.

3.3 VOLTAGE SUB-MENU

The **VOLTAGE** sub-menu allows the selection of voltage parameter pages as shown in Fig 18 and its continuation in Fig 19:

Fig 18 : **VOLTAGE** sub-menu

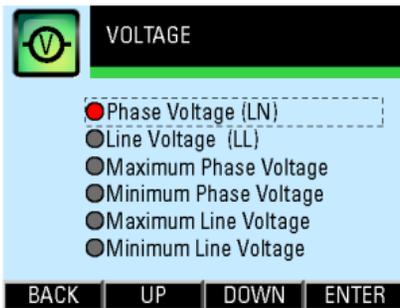
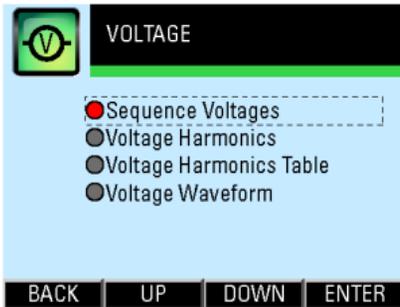


Fig 19 : **VOLTAGE** sub-menu (cont'd)



NOTE:

In a delta system without any neutral as shown in Figs 8 and 9, the phase quantities are measured with respect to a virtual neutral point.

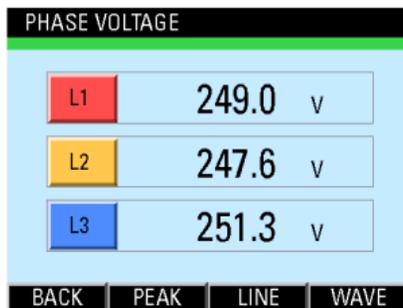
TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to select the parameter page of interest, touch either the **UP (F2)** or **DOWN (F3)** button until the item of interest is highlighted (within a dashed rectangular box and a RED dot to its left).
- to confirm this selection, touch the **ENTER (F4)** button.
- to return to the **MAIN MENU**, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

3.3.1 PHASE VOLTAGE

The **Phase Voltage** page shows the true RMS voltage of each phase as shown in Fig 20 below:

Fig 20 : *Phase Voltage* page



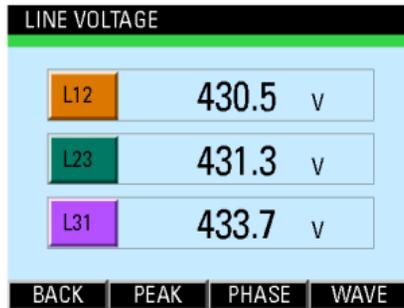
TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to jump to the **Maximum Phase Voltage** page, touch the **PEAK (F2)** button.
- to jump to the **Line Voltage** page, touch the **LINE (F3)** button.
- to jump to the **Voltage Waveform** page, touch the **WAVE (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **VOLTAGE** sub-menu.

3.3.2 LINE VOLTAGE

The **Line Voltage** page shows the true RMS voltage between any 2 phases as shown in Fig 21:

Fig 21 : *Line Voltage* page



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to jump to the **Maximum Line Voltage** page, touch the **PEAK (F2)** button.
- to jump to the **Phase Voltage** page, touch the **PHASE (F3)** button.
- to jump to the **Voltage Waveform** page, touch the **WAVE (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **VOLTAGE** sub-menu.

3.3.3

MAXIMUM PHASE VOLTAGE

The **Maximum Phase Voltage** page shows the recorded maximum true RMS phase voltage with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 22:

Fig 22 : *Maximum Phase Voltage* page

MAXIMUM PHASE VOLTAGE		
L1	260.2 V	12:55:23 22-09-2016
L2	258.9 V	10:26:49 25-04-2016
L3	261.0 V	14:56:29 11-02-2017
BACK		RESET

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded maximum voltage values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **VOLTAGE** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.3.4

MINIMUM PHASE VOLTAGE

The **Minimum Phase Voltage** page shows the recorded minimum true RMS phase voltage with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 23:

Fig 23 : *Minimum Phase Voltage* page

MINIMUM PHASE VOLTAGE		
L1	220 V	18:52:43 21-09-2016
L2	229 V	20:22:49 03-02-2016
L3	215 V	19:52:36 14-10-2016
BACK		RESET

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded minimum voltage values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **VOLTAGE** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.3.5

MAXIMUM LINE VOLTAGE

The **Maximum Line Voltage** page shows the recorded maximum true RMS line voltage with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 24:

Fig 24 : **Maximum Line Voltage** page

MAXIMUM LINE VOLTAGE		
12	420 V	09:52:14 09-04-2017
23	427 V	10:13:34 18-10-2016
31	423 V	10:45:53 28-05-2017
BACK		RESET

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded maximum voltage values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **VOLTAGE** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.3.6 MINIMUM LINE VOLTAGE

The **Minimum Line Voltage** page shows the recorded minimum true RMS line voltage with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 25:

Fig 25 : *Minimum Line Voltage* page

MINIMUM LINE VOLTAGE		
12	419 V	17:32:43 11-01-2017
23	410 V	21:42:47 05-04-2017
31	412 V	15:58:26 24-07-2016
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> BACK RESET </div>		

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded minimum voltage values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **VOLTAGE** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

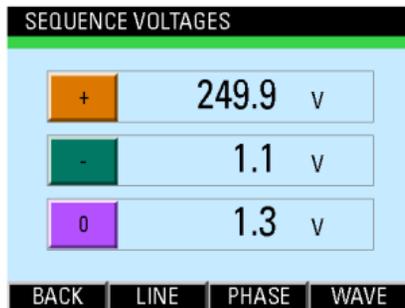
- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.3.7 SEQUENCE VOLTAGES

The **Sequence Voltages** page shows the positive, negative and zero sequence RMS phase voltages as shown in Fig 26. They are useful for identifying abnormalities such as voltage imbalance and phase reversals. Please see section B.3 in Appendix B for details.

Fig 26 : *Sequence Voltages page*



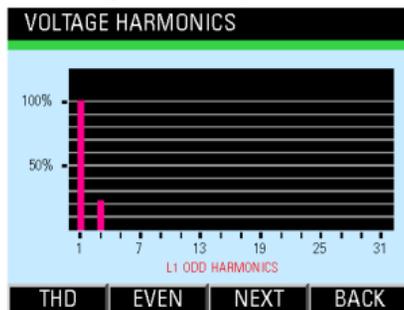
TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to jump to the **Line Voltage** page, touch the **LINE (F2)** button.
- to jump to the **Phase Voltage** page, touch the **PHASE (F3)** button.
- to jump to the **Voltage Waveform** page, touch the **WAVE (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **VOLTAGE** sub-menu.

3.3.8 VOLTAGE HARMONICS

The **Voltage Harmonics** page shows the voltage harmonics spectrum and the voltage Total Harmonics Distortion (THD) of each phase. Upon entering this parameter page, the voltage harmonics spectrum will be displayed as shown in Fig 27:

Fig 27 : *Voltage Harmonics page*



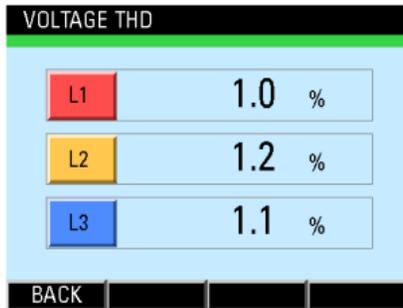
The harmonics content is displayed as a percentage of the fundamental phase voltage. Please see section B.2 in Appendix B for more details.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to alternate between the odd and even harmonics spectrum display, touch the **EVEN (F2)** or **ODD (F2)** button.
- to display the spectrum of the next phase, touch the **NEXT (F3)** button.
- to jump to the **THD** parameter page as shown in Fig 28 below, touch the **THD (F1)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F4)** button to return to the **VOLTAGE** sub-menu.

In the Voltage **THD** parameter page, the voltage THD for each phase is displayed as shown in Fig 28.

Fig 28 : Voltage **THD** parameter page

**TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:**

- to return to the **Voltage Harmonics** page, touch the **BACK (F4)** button

3.3.9

VOLTAGE HARMONICS TABLE

The **Voltage Harmonics Table** page shows the harmonic voltages as a percentage of the fundamental voltage for each phase up to the 32nd order as shown in Fig 29 for phase L1:

Fig 29 : **Phase L1 Voltage Harmonics** page

PHASE L1 VOLTAGE HARMONICS			
1. 100%	9. 0%	17. 0%	25. 0%
2. 0%	10. 0%	18. 0%	26. 0%
3. 12%	11. 0%	19. 0%	27. 0%
4. 0%	12. 0%	20. 0%	28. 0%
5. 0%	13. 0%	21. 0%	29. 0%
6. 0%	14. 0%	22. 0%	30. 0%
7. 0%	15. 0%	23. 0%	31. 0%
8. 0%	16. 0%	24. 0%	32. 0%

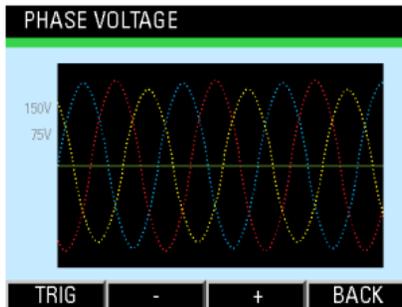
TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- touch any one button (**F1**, **F2**, **F3** or **F4**) once to view the voltage harmonics content of phase L2.
- to view the voltage harmonics content of phase L3, touch any button (**F1**, **F2**, **F3** or **F4**) once more.
- to return to the **VOLTAGE** sub-menu., touch any one button (**F1**, **F2**, **F3** or **F4**) one more time.

3.3.10 VOLTAGE WAVEFORM

The **Voltage Waveform** page shows the phase voltage waveform of all phases as shown in Fig 30:

Fig 30 : **Voltage Waveform** page



The RED, YELLOW and BLUE traces show the voltage waveform of phases L1, L2 and L3 respectively.

The three display zoom levels correspond to a maximum range of approximately $\pm 110\text{V}$, $\pm 220\text{V}$ and $\pm 440\text{V}$ rms at the metering voltage input.

The time capture span is fixed at approximately 65 msec.

NOTE:

The displayed waveform is solely for visual inspection and not for measurement purposes.

The waveform is the captured voltage at the metering voltage input, not necessarily the actual phase voltage, especially when voltage transformers are used.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to change the trigger source among the 3 phases, touch the **TRIG (F1)** button.
- to zoom out the voltage display scale, touch the - (**F2**) button.
- to zoom in the voltage display scale, touch the + (**F3**) button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F4)** button to return to the **VOLTAGE** sub-menu.

3.4**CURRENT SUB-MENU**

The **CURRENT** sub-menu allows the selection of current parameter pages as shown in Fig 31 and its continuation in Fig 32:

Fig 31 : **CURRENT** sub-menu

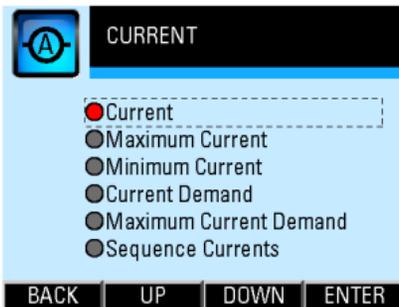
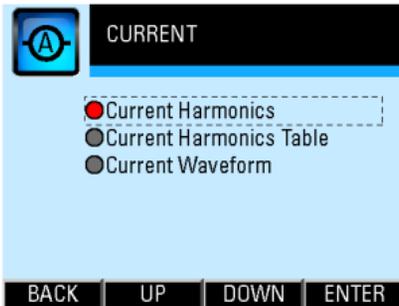


Fig 32 : **CURRENT** sub-menu (cont'd)



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to select the parameter page of interest, touch either the **UP (F2)** or **DOWN (F3)** button until the parameter item is highlighted (within a dashed rectangular box and a RED dot to its left). To confirm this selection, touch the **ENTER (F4)** button.
- to return to the **MAIN MENU**, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

The right-most column of the current value display shows the corresponding percentage loading of the rated metering current input.

NOTE:

In a star system without a neutral CT as shown in Fig 7, the displayed neutral current is derived from the summation of the phase CT currents.

3.4.1 PHASE CURRENT

The **Phase Current** page shows the true RMS current of each phase and where applicable, neutral as shown in Fig 33:

Fig 33 : *Phase Current* page

PHASE CURRENT		
L1	70.2 A	70%
L2	91.8 A	91%
L3	75.9 A	76%
LN	26.7 A	27%
BACK	PEAK	HAR WAVE

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to jump to the **Maximum Current** page, touch the **PEAK (F2)** button.
- to jump to the **Current Harmonics** page, touch the **HAR (F3)** button.
- to jump to the **Current Waveform** page, touch the **WAVE (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **CURRENT** sub-menu.

3.4.2

MAXIMUM CURRENT

The **Maximum Current** page shows the recorded maximum true RMS current of each phase and where applicable, neutral with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 34:

Fig 34 : *Maximum Current* page

MAXIMUM CURRENT					
L1	111,6 A	112%	12:55:23	12-05-2016	
L2	136,7 A	137%	10:26:49	27-01-2017	
L3	124,7 A	125%	14:56:29	12-09-2016	
LN	79,8 A	80%	11:33:07	22-12-2016	
BACK		RESET			

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded maximum current values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **CURRENT** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.4.3

MINIMUM CURRENT

The **Minimum Current** page shows the recorded minimum true RMS current of each phase and where applicable, neutral with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 35:

Fig 35 : *Minimum Current* page

MINIMUM CURRENT				
L1	69.2 A	69%	22:58:23	15-03-2017
L2	82.5 A	83%	19:21:49	03-07-2016
L3	77.4 A	77%	21:58:21	22-06-2016
LN	13.2 A	13%	17:23:27	25-02-2017
BACK		RESET		

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded minimum current values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **CURRENT** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

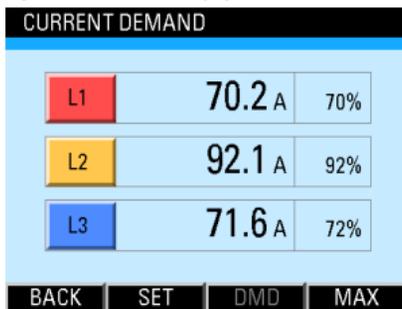
When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.4.4

CURRENT DEMAND

The **Current Demand** page shows the current averaged over a demand interval for each phase as shown in Fig 36. The current demand is calculated using the thermal demand method. Please see section B.1 in Appendix B for details.

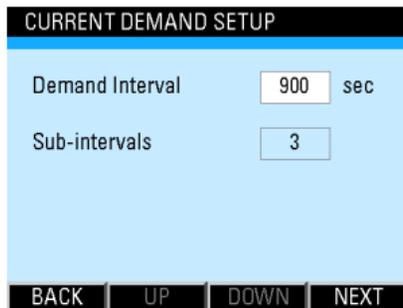
Fig 36 : *Current Demand* page



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to jump to the **Current Demand Setup** page as shown in Fig 37, touch the **SET (F2)** button.
- to jump to the **Maximum Current Demand** page, touch the **MAX (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **CURRENT** sub-menu.

Fig 37 : *Current Demand Setup* page



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to input new settings, touch the **SET (F4)** button.

- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **CURRENT** sub-menu.

In the input mode, the **UP (F2)** and **DOWN (F3)** buttons will become active and the background colour of the active field will be changed to white.

Demand interval can be set from 60 secs to 1800 secs in steps of 60 secs whereas the number of sub interval blocks can be set from 2 to 120.

NOTE:

The demand interval in secs must be whole number multiples of the number of sub intervals and the sub interval period must be longer than 15 secs.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to increase the number, touch the **UP (F2)** button.
- to decrease the number, touch the **DOWN (F3)** button.

- to select the next field to change, touch the **NEXT (F4)** button and repeat the above 2 steps.
- to save the settings and/or return to the **Current Demand** page, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

NOTE:

When the Demand Interval is changed, the sub intervals defaults to 2. This can however, be changed separately when the **NEXT (F4)** button is touched.

The user will be prompted to confirm the saving of settings.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to abort saving the settings and return to the **Current Demand** page, touch the **NO (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **YES (F2)** button to save the settings and the user will be prompted for password authentication as per section 3.2

3.4.5

MAXIMUM CURRENT DEMAND

The **Maximum Current Demand** page shows the recorded maximum current demand for each phase with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 38:

Fig 38 : *Maximum Current Demand* page

MAXIMUM CURRENT DEMAND			
L1	83.2 A	83%	12:55:23 12-05-2016
L2	99.9 A	100%	10:26:49 27-01-2017
L3	104.7 A	105%	14:56:29 12-09-2016
BACK		RESET	

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded maximum current demand values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.

- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **CURRENT** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

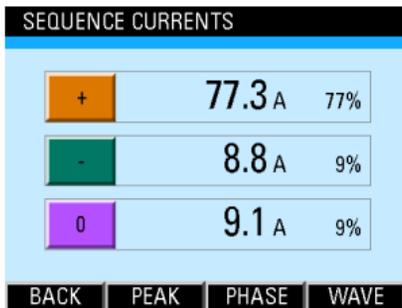
When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.4.6

SEQUENCE CURRENTS

The **Sequence Current** page shows the positive, negative and zero sequence currents as shown in Fig 39. They are useful for identifying abnormalities such as current imbalance and phase reversals. Please see section B.3 in Appendix B for details.

Fig 39 : *Sequence Current page*



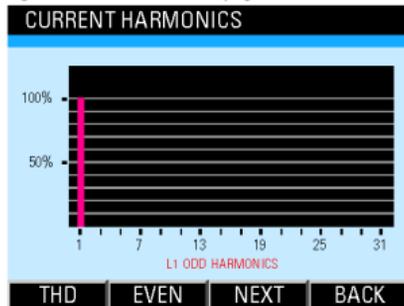
TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to jump to the **Maximum Current** page, touch the **PEAK (F2)** button.
- to jump to the **Phase Current** page, touch the **PHASE (F3)** button.
- to jump to the **Current Waveform** page, touch the **WAVE (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **CURRENT** sub-menu.

3.4.7 CURRENT HARMONICS

The **Current Harmonics** page shows the current harmonics spectrum and the current Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) of each phase. Upon entering this parameter page, the current harmonics spectrum will be displayed as shown in Fig 40. The neutral harmonics content will NOT be displayed.

Fig 40 : *Current Harmonics page*



The harmonics content is displayed as a percentage of the fundamental phase current. Please see section B.2 in Appendix B for more details.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to alternate between the odd and even harmonics spectrum display, touch the **EVEN (F2)** or **ODD (F2)** button.
- to display the spectrum of the next phase, touch the **NEXT (F3)** button.
- to jump to the **THD** parameter page as shown in Fig 41, touch the **THD (F1)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F4)** button to return to the **CURRENT** sub-menu.

In the Current **THD** parameter page, the current THD for each phase is displayed as shown in Fig 41.

Fig 41 : Current **THD** parameter page

CURRENT THD		
L1	6.4	%
L2	7.9	%
L3	8.5	%
BACK		

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to return to the **Current Harmonics** page, touch the **BACK (F4)** button.

3.4.8

CURRENT HARMONICS TABLE

The **Current Harmonics Table** page shows the harmonic currents as a percentage of the fundamental current for each phase up to the 32nd order as shown in Fig 42 for phase L1:

Fig 42 : **Phase L1 Current Harmonics** page

PHASE L1 CURRENT HARMONICS			
1. 100%	9. 0%	17. 0%	25. 0%
2. 0%	10. 0%	18. 0%	26. 0%
3. 0%	11. 0%	19. 0%	27. 0%
4. 0%	12. 0%	20. 0%	28. 0%
5. 0%	13. 0%	21. 0%	29. 0%
6. 0%	14. 0%	22. 0%	30. 0%
7. 0%	15. 0%	23. 0%	31. 0%
8. 0%	16. 0%	24. 0%	32. 0%

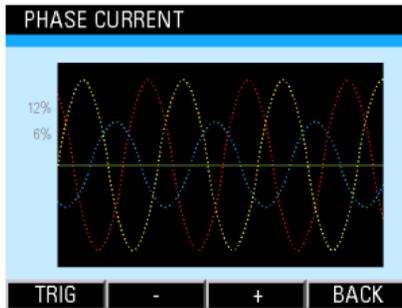
TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- touch any one button (**F1**, **F2**, **F3** or **F4**) once to view the current harmonics content of phase L2.
- to view the current harmonics content of phase L3, touch any button (**F1**, **F2**, **F3** or **F4**) once more.
- to return to the **CURRENT** sub-menu., touch any one button (**F1**, **F2**, **F3** or **F4**) one more time.

3.4.9 CURRENT WAVEFORM

The **Current Waveform** page shows the current waveform of all phases as shown in Fig 43:

Fig 43 : **Current Waveform** page



The RED, YELLOW and BLUE traces show the current waveform of phases L1, L2 and L3 respectively.

The three display zoom levels correspond to a maximum range of approximately $\pm 20\%$, $\pm 40\%$ and $\pm 80\%$ of the rated rms metering current input (5A).

The time capture span is fixed at approximately 65 msec.

NOTE:

The displayed waveform is solely for visual inspection and not for measurement purposes.

The waveform is the captured current at the metering current input, not necessarily the actual phase current.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

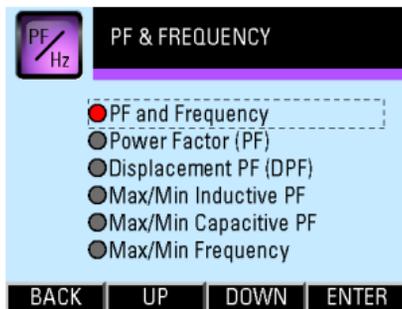
- to change the trigger source among the 3 phases, touch the **TRIG (F1)** button.
- to zoom out the current display scale, touch the **- (F2)** button.
- to zoom in the current display scale, touch the **+ (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F4)** button to return to the **CURRENT** sub-menu.

3.5**PF & FREQUENCY
SUB-MENU**

The **PF & FREQUENCY** sub-menu allows the selection of PF & frequency parameter pages as

shown in Fig 44:

Fig 44 : **PF & FREQUENCY** sub-menu



The right-most column of the power factor display indicates the capacitive or inductive nature of the power factor.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

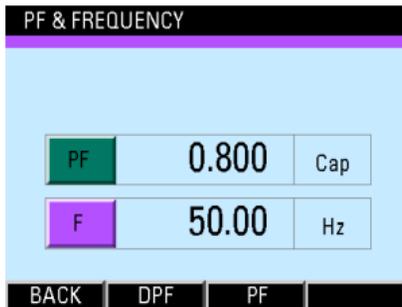
- to select the parameter page of interest, touch either the **UP (F2)** or **DOWN (F3)** button until the parameter item is highlighted (within a dashed rectangular box and a RED dot to its left). To confirm this selection, touch the **ENTER (F4)** button.
- to return to the **MAIN MENU**, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

3.5.1

PF & FREQUENCY

The **PF & Frequency** page shows the summary of the overall total power factor as well as the power frequency as shown in Fig 45:

Fig 45 : **PF & FREQUENCY** page



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

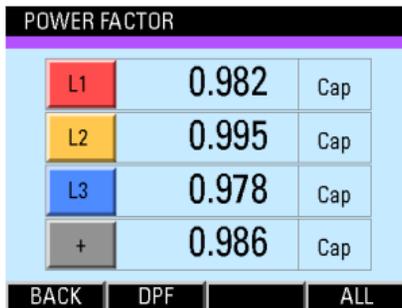
- to jump to the **Displacement PF** page, touch the **DPF (F2)** button.
- to jump to the **Power Factor** page, touch the **PF (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **PF & FREQUENCY** sub-menu.

3.5.2

POWER FACTOR (PF)

The **Power Factor** page shows the total power factor for each phase as well as the overall total power factor as shown in Fig 46. The total power factor is derived from the phase RMS voltage, RMS current and active power. Please see section B.4 in Appendix B for more details.

Fig 46 : **Power Factor** page



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to jump to the **Displacement PF** page, touch the **DPF (F2)** button.
- to jump to the **PF & FREQUENCY** page, touch the **ALL (F4)** button.

- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **PF & FREQUENCY** sub-menu.

3.5.3

DISPLACEMENT PF (DPF)

The **Displacement PF** page shows the displacement power factor for each phase as shown in Fig 47. The displacement power factor is derived from the fundamental component of the phase voltage, current and fundamental active power. Please see section B.4 in Appendix B for more details.

Fig 47 : *Displacement PF* page

DISPLACEMENT PF		
L1	0.986	Cap
L2	0.999	Ind
L3	0.979	Cap
BACK	PF	ALL

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to jump to the **Power Factor** page, touch the **PF (F3)** button.
- to jump to the **PF & FREQUENCY** page, touch the **ALL (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **PF & FREQUENCY** sub-menu.

3.5.4

MAX/MIN INDUCTIVE PF

The **Max/Min Inductive PF** page shows the recorded maximum and minimum inductive power factor with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 48:

Fig 48 : *Max/Min Inductive PF* page

MAX/MIN PF (INDUCTIVE)		
MAX	0.920	19:32:18 02-11-2016
MIN	0.536	11:17:34 16-02-2017
BACK	RESET	

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded maximum and minimum PF values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **PF & FREQUENCY** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.5.5

MAX/MIN CAPACITIVE PF

The **Max/Min Capacitive PF** page shows the recorded maximum and minimum capacitive power factor with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 49:

Fig 49 : *Max/Min Capacitive PF page*

MAX/MIN PF (CAPACITIVE)		
MAX	0.957	21:58:28 22-06-2016
MIN	0.821	19:12:39 18-01-2017
BACK		RESET

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded maximum and minimum PF values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **PF & FREQUENCY** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.5.6

MAX/MIN FREQUENCY

The **Max/Min Frequency** page shows the recorded maximum and minimum power frequency with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 50:

Fig 50 : *Max/Min Frequency PF page*

MAX/MIN FREQUENCY (Hz)		
MAX	50.55	21:58:28 22-06-2016
MIN	49.89	19:12:39 18-01-2017
BACK		RESET

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded maximum and minimum frequency values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **PF & FREQUENCY** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.6

POWER SUB-MENU

The **POWER** sub-menu allows the selection of power parameter pages as shown in Fig 51 and its continuation in Fig 52:

Fig 51 : **POWER** sub-menu

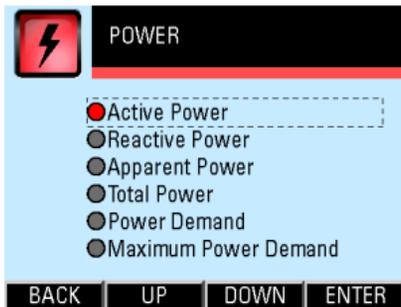


Fig 52 : **POWER** sub-menu (cont'd)



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to select the parameter page of interest, touch either the **UP (F2)** or **DOWN (F3)** button until the parameter item is highlighted (within a dashed rectangular box and a RED dot to its left). To confirm this selection, touch the **ENTER (F4)** button.
- to return to the **MAIN MENU**, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

3.6.1

ACTIVE POWER

The **Active Power** page shows the nett active power for each phase as well as the total nett active power as shown in Fig 53:

Fig 53 : **Active Power** page

ACTIVE POWER		
L1	17015	W
L2	22494	W
L3	17103	W
+	56784	W
BACK	ALL	S

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to jump to the **Total Power** page, touch the **ALL (F2)** button.
- to jump to the **Reactive Power** page, touch the **Q (F3)** button.
- to jump to the **Apparent Power** page, touch the **S (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **POWER** sub-menu.

3.6.2

REACTIVE POWER

The **Reactive Power** page shows the nett reactive power for each phase as well as the total nett reactive power as shown in Fig 54:

Fig 54 : **Reactive Power** page

REACTIVE POWER		
L1	-3036	VAR
L2	281	VAR
L3	-3271	VAR
+	-6216	VAR
BACK	P	ALL S

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to jump to the **Active Power** page, touch the **P (F2)** button.
- to jump to the **Total Power** page, touch the **ALL (F3)** button.
- to jump to the **Apparent Power** page, touch the **S (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **POWER** sub-menu.

3.6.3

APPARENT POWER

The **Apparent Power** page shows the nett apparent power for each phase as well as the total nett apparent power as shown in Fig 55:

Fig 55 : **Apparent Power** page

APPARENT POWER		
L1	17562	VA
L2	22892	VA
L3	17608	VA
+	58091	VA
BACK	P	Q ALL

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to jump to the **Active Power** page, touch the **P (F2)** button.
- to jump to the **Reactive Power** page, touch the **Q (F3)** button.
- to jump to the **Total Power** page, touch the **ALL (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **POWER** sub-menu.

3.6.4

TOTAL POWER

The **Total Power** page shows the total nett power flow for active, reactive and apparent power as shown in Fig 56:

Fig 56 : **Total Power** page

TOTAL POWER		
P	57461	W
Q	-6135	VAR
S	58416	VA
BACK	P	Q S

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

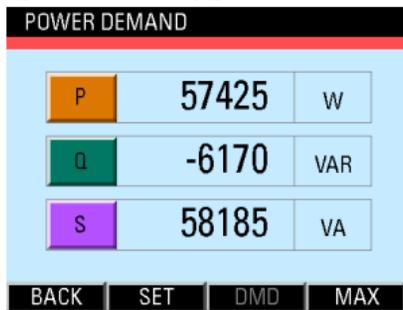
- to jump to the **Active Power** page, touch the **P (F2)** button.
- to jump to the **Reactive Power** page, touch the **Q (F3)** button.
- to jump to the **Apparent Power** page, touch the **S (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **POWER** sub-menu.

3.6.5

POWER DEMAND

The **Power Demand** page shows the power averaged over a demand interval for active, reactive and apparent power as shown in Fig 57. Please see section B.1 in Appendix B for details.

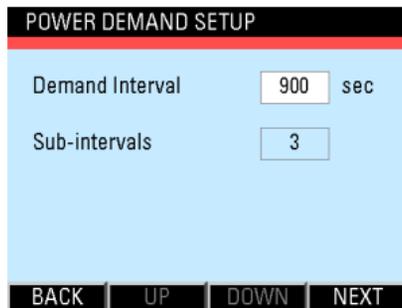
Fig 57 : *Power Demand* page



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to jump to the **Power Demand Setup** page as shown in Fig 58, touch the **SET (F2)** button.
- to jump to the **Maximum Power Demand** page, touch the **MAX (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **POWER** sub-menu.

Fig 58 : *Power Demand Setup* page



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to input new settings, touch the **SET (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **POWER** sub-menu.

In the input mode, the **UP (F2)** and **DOWN (F3)** buttons will become active and the background colour of the active field will be changed to white.

Demand interval can be set from 60 secs to 1800 secs in steps of 60 secs whereas the number of sub interval blocks can be set from 2 to 120.

NOTE:

The demand interval in secs must be whole number multiples of the number of sub intervals and the sub interval period must be longer than 15 sec.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to increase the number, touch the **UP (F2)** button.
- to decrease the number, touch the **DOWN (F3)** button.
- to select the next field to change, touch the **NEXT (F4)** button and repeat the above 2 steps.
- to save the settings and/or return to the **Power Demand** page, touch the **BACK (F1)** buttons.

NOTE:

When the **Demand Interval** is changed, the sub intervals defaults to 2. This can however, be changed separately when the **NEXT (F4)** button is touched.

The user will be prompted to confirm the saving of settings.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to abort saving the settings and return to the **Power Demand** page, touch the **NO (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **YES (F2)** button to save the settings and the user will be prompted for password authentication as per section 3.2.

3.6.6

MAXIMUM POWER DEMAND

The **Maximum Power Demand** page shows the recorded maximum real, reactive and apparent power demand with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 59:

Fig 59 : *Maximum Power Demand* page

MAXIMUM POWER DEMAND		
P	69800 W	11:46:40 07-04-2016
Q	144355 VAR	10:51:29 10-08-2016
S	70135 VA	11:23:02 12-05-2016
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; padding: 0 10px;"> BACK RESET MAX </div>		

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded maximum power demand values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **POWER** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.6.7

MAXIMUM ACTIVE POWER

The **Maximum Active Power** page shows the recorded maximum active power for each phase as well as the maximum total active power with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 60:

Fig 60 : *Maximum Active Power* page

MAXIMUM ACTIVE POWER					
L1	25,724	W	12:25:44	23-01-2017	
L2	29,472	W	11:42:56	05-02-2017	
L3	19,428	W	14:36:23	14-09-2016	
+	82,468	W	15:24:42	04-10-2016	
BACK		RESET			

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded maximum active power values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **POWER** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.6.8

MINIMUM ACTIVE POWER

The **Minimum Active Power** page shows the recorded minimum active power for each phase as well as the minimum total active power with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 61:

Fig 61 : *Minimum Active Power* page

MINIMUM ACTIVE POWER					
L1	8,673	W	22:35:18	14-04-2016	
L2	13,563	W	20:57:16	25-07-2016	
L3	10,426	W	19:25:15	25-07-2016	
+	35,674	W	23:37:33	28-09-2016	
BACK		RESET			

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded minimum active power values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **POWER** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.6.9**MAXIMUM REACTIVE POWER**

The **Maximum Reactive Power** page shows the recorded maximum reactive power for each phase as well as the maximum total reactive power with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 62:

Fig 62 : *Maximum Reactive Power* page

MAXIMUM REACTIVE POWER					
L1	-2,274	VAR	12:43:18	30-06-2016	
L2	419	VAR	15:25:27	02-04-2017	
L3	-2,375	VAR	09:13:44	12-10-2016	
+	-9,545	VAR	11:04:32	15-12-2016	
BACK		RESET			

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded maximum reactive power values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **POWER** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.6.10

MINIMUM REACTIVE POWER

The **Minimum Reactive Power** page shows the recorded minimum reactive power for each phase as well as the minimum total reactive power with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 63:

Fig 63 : *Minimum Reactive Power* page

MINIMUM REACTIVE POWER				
L1	824	VAR	20:24:12	03-06-2016
L2	-525	VAR	19:15:45	18-09-2016
L3	1,092	VAR	21:04:31	26-11-2016
+	1,294	VAR	18:14:24	04-02-2017
BACK		RESET		

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded minimum reactive power values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **POWER** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.6.11

MAXIMUM APPARENT POWER

The **Maximum Apparent Power** page shows the recorded maximum apparent power for each phase as well as the maximum total apparent power with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 64:

Fig 64 : *Maximum Apparent Power* page

MAXIMUM APPARENT POWER					
L1	19,825	VA	15:25:15	14-07-2016	
L2	24,253	VA	12:49:46	16-01-2017	
L3	16,153	VA	10:25:26	24-03-2017	
+	56,416	VA	13:54:22	04-02-2017	
BACK		RESET			

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded maximum apparent power values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **POWER** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.6.12

MINIMUM APPARENT POWER

The **Minimum Apparent Power** page shows the recorded minimum apparent power for each phase as well as the minimum total apparent power with the corresponding time and date since the last reset as shown in Fig 65:

Fig 65 : *Minimum Apparent Power* page

MINIMUM APPARENT POWER					
L1	3,401	VA	19:24:35	24-09-2016	
L2	12,387	VA	23:52:42	13-06-2016	
L3	9,856	VA	20:14:52	26-03-2017	
+	25,832	VA	22:03:14	05-10-2016	
BACK		RESET			

The time and date records are displayed in the **hour:minute:second day-month-year** format.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to reset the recorded minimum apparent power values to zero, touch the **RESET (F3)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **POWER** sub-menu.

In clearing the recorded values, the user will be prompted with a **Clear Logged Data?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

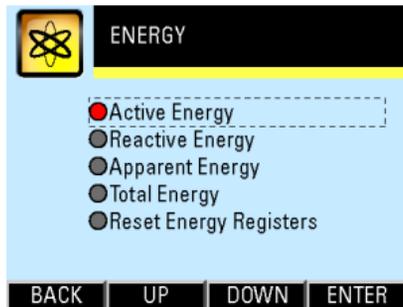
- to confirm clearing the recorded values, touch the **YES (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **NO (F2)** button.

When these recorded values are cleared, the corresponding time and date records are also cleared to the default 00:00:00 00-00-2000.

3.7 ENERGY SUB-MENU

The **ENERGY** sub-menu allows the selection of energy parameter pages as shown in Fig 66:

Fig 66 : **ENERGY** sub-menu



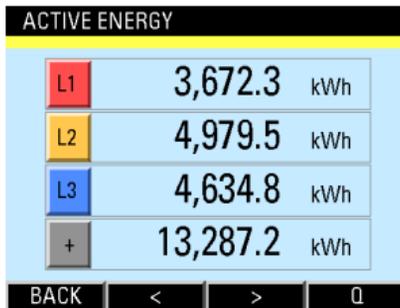
TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to select the parameter page of interest, touch either the **UP (F2)** or **DOWN (F3)** button until the parameter item is highlighted (within a dashed rectangular box and a RED dot to its left). To confirm this selection, touch the **ENTER (F4)** button.
- to return to the **MAIN MENU**, touch the **BACK (F1)** button

3.7.1 ACTIVE ENERGY

The **Active Energy** page shows the nett active energy for each phase as well as the total nett active energy as shown in Fig 67:

Fig 67 : **Active Energy** page



The displayed values may be incomplete due to the limited display width. Use the < and > buttons to view the complete values.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to view the digits on the right of the displayed numbers, touch the **< (F2)** button.
- to view the digits on the left of the displayed numbers, touch the **> (F3)** button.

- to jump to the **Reactive Energy** page, touch the **Q (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **ENERGY** sub-menu.

3.7.2 REACTIVE ENERGY

The **Reactive Energy** page shows the nett reactive energy for each phase as well as the total nett reactive energy as shown in Fig 68:

Fig 68 : *Reactive Energy* page



The displayed values may be incomplete due to the limited display width. Use the < and > buttons to view the complete values.

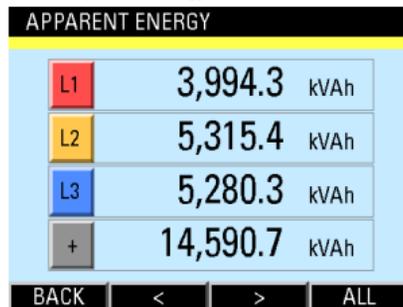
TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to view the digits on the right of the displayed numbers, touch the **< (F2)** button.
- to view the digits on the left of the displayed numbers, touch the **> (F3)** button.
- to jump to the **Apparent Energy** page, touch the **S (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **ENERGY** sub-menu.

3.7.3 APPARENT ENERGY

The **Apparent Energy** page shows the nett apparent energy for each phase as well as the total nett apparent energy as shown in Fig 69:

Fig 69 : *Apparent Energy* page



The displayed values may be incomplete due to the limited display width. Use the < and > buttons to view the complete values.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

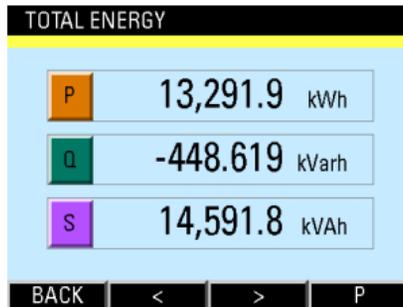
- to view the digits on the right of the displayed numbers, touch the < (F2) button.
- to view the digits on the left of the displayed numbers, touch the > (F3) button.
- to jump to the **Total Energy** page, touch the **ALL (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **ENERGY** sub-menu.

3.7.4

TOTAL ENERGY

The **Total Energy** page shows the total nett energy flow for active, reactive and apparent energy as shown in Fig 70:

Fig 70 : **Total Energy** page



The displayed values may be incomplete due to the limited display width. Use the < and > buttons to view the complete values.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to view the digits on the right of the displayed numbers, touch the < (F2) button.
- to view the digits on the left of the displayed numbers, touch the > (F3) button.
- to jump to the **Active Energy** page, touch the **P (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **ENERGY** sub-menu

3.7.5

RESET ENERGY COUNTERS

When the **Reset Energy Counter** page is selected, the user will be prompted with a **Clear All Registers?** confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

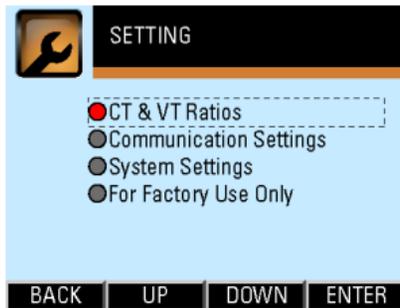
- to abort clearing the energy register values, touch the **NO (F2)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **YES (F2)** button to clear the energy registers and the user will be prompted for password authentication as in section 3.2.

3.8

SETTING SUB-MENU

The **SETTING** sub-menu allows the selection of parameter pages as shown in Fig 71:

Fig 71 : **SETTING** sub-menu



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to select the parameter page of interest, touch either the **UP (F2)** or **DOWN (F3)** button until the parameter item is highlighted (within a dashed rectangular box and a RED dot to its left). To confirm this selection, touch the **ENTER (F4)** button.
- to return to the **MAIN MENU**, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

For DPM680B, selecting the **Communication Settings** parameter item will lead to the **Modbus** sub-page directly.

3.8.1 CT & VT RATIOS

The **CT & VT Ratios** page as shown in Fig 72 displays and allows the setting of the current transformer (CT) and voltage transformer (VT) ratios used to scale the metering inputs.

Fig 72 : **CT & VT Ratios** page

CT & VT RATIOS	
CT Ratio	<input type="text" value="5"/> / <input type="text" value="5"/>
VT Ratio	<input type="text" value="100"/> / <input type="text" value="100"/>
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> BACK UP DOWN SET </div>	

The CT primary current input can be set from 5 A to 50,000 A but the CT secondary current output is fixed at 5A full scale.

The VT primary voltage input can be set from 60 V to 50,000 V and the VT secondary voltage output can be set from 60 V to 300V full scale.

NOTE:

The VT secondary voltage must be lower than the VT primary voltage.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to input new settings, touch the **SET (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **SETTING** sub-menu

In the input mode, the **UP (F2)** and **DOWN (F3)** buttons will become active and the background colour of the active field will be changed to white.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to increase the number, touch the **UP (F2)** button.
- to decrease the number, touch the **DOWN (F3)** button.
- to select the next field to change, touch the **NEXT (F4)** button and repeat the above 2 steps.
- to save the settings and/or return to the **CT & VT Ratios** sub-page, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

The user will be prompted to confirm the saving of settings.

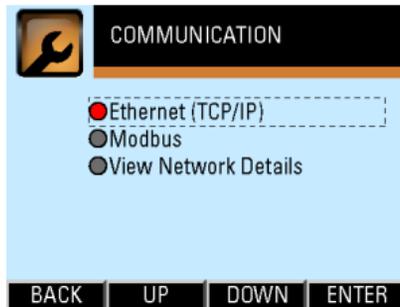
TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to abort saving the settings, touch the **NO (F3)** button to return to the **SETTING** sub-menu.
- otherwise, touch the **YES (F2)** button to save the settings and the user will be prompted for password authentication as in section 3.2.

3.8.2 COMMUNICATION SETTINGS (ONLY FOR DPM680)

The **Communication Settings** page displays and allows the setting of the communication parameters as shown in Fig 73.

Fig 73 : *Communication Settings* page



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to select the parameter sub-page of interest, touch either the **UP (F2)** or **DOWN (F3)** button until the parameter item is highlighted (within a dashed rectangular box and a RED dot to its left). To confirm this selection, touch the **ENTER (F4)** button.
- to return to the **SETTING** sub-menu, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

3.8.2.1 ETHERNET (TCP/IP) (ONLY FOR DPM680)

The **Ethernet (TCP/IP)** sub-page as shown in Fig 74 displays and allows the setting of DHCP and fixed TCP/IP network parameters for the purpose of accessing the webpage and the Modbus TCP/IP server.

Fig 74 : *Ethernet (TCP/IP) sub-page*

TCP/IP NETWORK				
IPv4 Address	192	168	28	28
Subnet Mask	255	255	255	0
Gateway Add	192	168	28	1
DHCP Enable	YES			
BACK	UP	DOWN	SET	

The default fixed TCP/IP settings are as follow:

IPv4 address: 192.168.28.28
Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0
Gateway address: 192.168.28.1

NOTE:

The DHCP Enable field must be toggled to NO in order to use the alternate fixed TCP/IP settings.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to input new settings, touch the **SET (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **Communication Settings** page.

In the input mode, the **UP (F2)** and **DOWN (F3)** buttons will become active and the background colour of the active field will be changed to white. Each field in the IPv4 address, subnet mask and gateway address must be numerical from 0 to 255.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to increase the number or toggle the field, touch the **UP (F2)** button.
- to decrease the number or toggle the field, touch the **DOWN (F3)** button.
- to select the next field to change, touch the **NEXT (F4)** button and repeat the above 2 steps.

- to save the settings and/or return to the **Ethernet (TCP/IP)** sub-page, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

The user will be prompted to confirm the saving of settings.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to abort saving the settings, touch the **NO (F3)** button to return to the **Ethernet (TCP/IP)** sub-page.
- otherwise, touch the **YES (F2)** button to save the settings and the user will be prompted for password authentication as in section 3.2.

The meter **MUST** be powered off and on for the new IP settings to take effect.

3.8.2.2 MODBUS

The **Modbus** sub-page displays and allows the setting of Modbus communication parameters as shown in Fig 75.

Fig 75 : **Modbus** sub-page

SET MODBUS	
Address	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Data Format	<input type="text" value="No parity, 1 stop"/>
Baud Rate	<input type="text" value="9600"/>
Remote Set	<input type="text" value="No"/>
BACK	UP DOWN SET

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to input new settings, touch the **SET (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **Communication Settings** page (only for DPM680) or the **SETTING** sub-menu.

In the input mode, the **UP (F2)** and **DOWN (F3)** buttons will become active and the background colour of the active field will be changed to white.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to increase the number or select the next option, touch the **UP (F2)** button.
- to decrease the number or select the prior option, touch the **DOWN (F3)** button.

- to select the next field to change, touch the **NEXT (F4)** button and repeat the above 2 steps.
- to save the settings and/or return to the **Modbus** sub-page, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

The unit **Address** can be set from 1 to 247.

The serial **Data Format** options are shown in Table 3.

Table 3 : RS-485 data format

Parity	Stop
Even	1
Odd	1
No	2
No	1

Baud Rate can be set at either 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400.

Enabling the **Remote Set** allows the remote terminal to **read and write** the meter settings via Modbus RTU or Modbus TCP/IP (only for DPM680), otherwise the setting data can only be read.

Before the saving of settings, the user will be prompted for confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to abort saving the settings, touch the **NO (F3)** button to return to the **Modbus** sub-page.
- otherwise, touch the **YES (F2)** button to save the settings and the user will be prompted for password authentication as in section 3.2.

3.8.2.3 VIEW NETWORK DETAILS (ONLY FOR DPM680)

The **View Network Details** sub-page displays the actual TCP/IP network parameters as shown in Fig 76.

Fig 76 : **View Network Details** sub-page

NETWORK CONNECTION				
IPv4 Address	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Subnet Mask	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Gateway Add	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; padding: 0 10px;"> BACK UP DOWN SET </div>				

If the network connection is inactive, zeros would be displayed in every field. If the network connection is active and DHCP is enabled, the TCP/IP settings dynamically assigned by the DHCP server would be displayed. If DHCP is disabled and the network connection is active, the fixed TCP/IP settings set by the user in the **Ethernet (TCP/IP)** sub-page would be displayed instead.

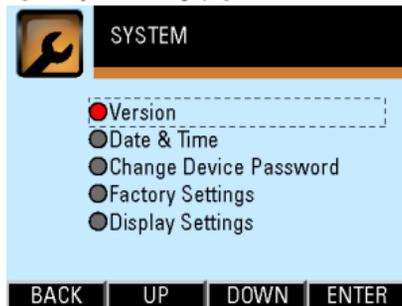
TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to return to the **Communication Settings** page, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

3.8.3 SYSTEM SETTINGS

The System Settings page displays the system parameters and allows the adjustment of time, date and password as shown in Fig 77:

Fig 77 : **System Settings** page



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to select the parameter sub-page of interest, touch either the **UP (F2)** or **DOWN (F3)** button until the parameter item is highlighted (within a dashed rectangular box and a RED dot to its left). To confirm this selection, touch the **ENTER (F4)** button.
- to return to the **SETTING** sub-menu, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

3.8.3.1 VERSION

The Version sub-page displays the basic identity information of the power meter as shown in Fig 78:

Fig 78: **Version** sub-page



TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to return to the **System Settings** page, touch the **BACK (F2)** button.

3.8.3.2 DATE & TIME

The **Date & Time** sub-page displays and allows the setting of date, time and local UTC time offset as shown in Fig 79:

Fig 79 : *Date & Time sub-page*

DATE & TIME			
Date	2014	/	12 / 04
Time	12	:	09
UTC Time	+ 8		
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; padding: 0;"> BACK UP DOWN SET </div>			

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to input new settings, touch the **SET (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **System Settings** page.

In the input mode, the **UP (F2)** and **DOWN (F3)** buttons will become active and the background colour of the active field will be changed to white.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to increase the number, touch the **UP (F2)** button.
- to decrease the number, touch the **DOWN (F3)** button.
- to select the next field to change, touch the **NEXT (F4)** button and repeat the above 2 steps.
- to save the settings and/or return to the **Date & Time** sub-page, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

The date format is **year / month / day**.

The time is **hour : minute** in the 24-hour format.

The year is settable from 2000 to 2050 and the settable day of the month depends on the selected month and the applicable leap year.

The UTC Time is the zone time difference between the local time and the Coordinated Universal Time. Its valid range is from -13 to +12. If the meter is connected to the Internet, the UTC value from the Internet time server duly adjusted for the zone time difference will automatically overwrite the meter date and time settings. Otherwise, the user set date and time will take precedence.

Details about UTC and the applicable zone time difference can be found in http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Coordinated_Universal_Time.

Before the saving of settings, the user will be prompted for confirmation.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to abort saving the settings, touch the **NO (F3)** button to return to the **Date & Time** sub-page.
- otherwise, touch the **YES (F2)** button to save the settings and the user will be prompted for password authentication as in section 3.2.

3.8.3.3 CHANGE DEVICE PASSWORD

To enter the **Change Device Password** sub-page, the user will be prompted for password authentication as in section 3.2.

When the correct password is authenticated, the **Change Device Password** sub-page will appear as shown in Fig 80:

Fig 80 : **Change Device Password** sub-page

CHANGE PASSWORD	
New Password	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
Re-enter	<input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>
BACK	UP DOWN SET

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to abort the saving operation and return to the **System Settings** page, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **SET (F4)** button to input the password.

In the input mode, the **UP (F2)** and **DOWN (F3)** buttons will become active and the background colour of the active field will be changed to white.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to increase the number, touch the **UP (F2)** button.
- to decrease the number, touch the **DOWN (F3)** button.
- to select the next field to change, touch the **NEXT (F1)** button and repeat the above 2 steps.
- when all the fields are filled, touch the **ENTER (F4)** button and the **SAVE (F1)** button will appear.
- touch the **SAVE (F1)** button and if the **New Password** does not match with the **Re-entered** password, an error message will appear and the above process has to be repeated unless aborted by touching the **BACK (F1)** button. If the password is correct, it will be saved and the display will return to the **System Settings** page.

3.8.3.4

FACTORY SETTINGS

The **Factory Settings** sub-page displays a warning message that all settings (and device password) will be reset to the factory default values except the energy register values. (The energy registers can be cleared through the **Reset Energy Counter** page as in section 3.7.5)

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to abort resetting the meter to default values, touch the **NO (F3)** button to return to the **System Settings** page.
- otherwise, touch the **YES (F2)** button and the user will be prompted for password authentication as in section 3.2.

The password for this purpose is the factory setting password. Please see section 3.2 for more details.

3.8.3.5 DISPLAY SETTINGS

The **Display Settings** sub-page as shown in Fig 81 displays and allows the setting of touch button inactivity time duration before the LCD display is turned off.

Fig 81 : *Display Setting sub-page*



The LCD Auto Off time duration can be selected from either 5 mins, 10 mins, 20 mins, 30 mins & 60 mins or Continuous On. The default time duration is 10 minutes.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to input new settings, touch the **SET (F4)** button.
- otherwise, touch the **BACK (F1)** button to return to the **System Settings** page.

In the input mode, the **UP (F2)** and **DOWN (F3)** buttons will become active and the background colour of the active field will be changed to white.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to increase the number or select Continuous On, touch the **UP (F2)** button.
- to decrease the number, touch the **DOWN (F3)** button.
- to save the settings and/or return to the **System Settings** page, touch the **BACK (F1)** button.

The user will be prompted to confirm the saving of settings.

TOUCH BUTTON FUNCTIONS:

- to abort saving the settings, touch the **NO (F3)** button to return to the **System Settings** page.
- otherwise, touch the **YES (F2)** button to save the settings and the display will return to the **System Settings** page.

3.8.4

FOR FACTORY USE ONLY

The access to the **For Factory Use Only** page is restricted to factory personnel only.

4

WEBPAGE OPERATIONS (ONLY FOR DPM680)

The webpages stored in the meter's built-in server can be accessed by a browser. However, it is recommended to use IE7 or higher versions.

NOTE:

Please ensure the LAN is properly connected to the meter and the TCP/IP setting is properly configured both at the meter and the client and/or router.

4.1

VOLTAGE AND CURRENT PAGE

The **Voltage and Current** webpage can be accessed either by typing the IP address in the URL input of the web browser or by clicking on the **Voltage & Current** link in other webpages of the meter. The main webpage as shown in Fig 82 should appear.

This main webpage displays the following parameters:

- line voltage: between any 2 phases.
- phase voltage: all phases.
- maximum/peak phase voltage: all phases.
- current: all phases and neutral.
- maximum/peak current: all phases & neutral.
- current THD: all phases.
- voltage THD: all phases.
- voltage sequence components: positive, negative & zero.
- current sequence components: positive, negative & zero.
- line frequency.
- time & date

By clicking on the links at the bottom of the webpage, the browser will download the corresponding webpage.

Clicking on the **Voltage and Current** link will reload this webpage.

Fig 82 : Voltage and Current webpage display

Digital Power Meter DPM680

Meter IP address: xxx.xxx.1.19 09:38, 04-09-2012

Voltage and Current

Voltage (V)	L1-L2	L2-L3	L3-L1
Line	431.2	432.7	437.2

Voltage (V)	L1	L2	L3
Phase	251.5	247.4	252.2
Phase peak	260.2	258.9	261.0

Current (A)	L1	L2	L3	N
Phase	55.825	80.235	70.860	33.846
Phase peak	111.618	136.793	124.760	79.817

THD (%)	L1	L2	L3
Voltage	0.9	1.3	1.0
Current	9.9	9.3	8.4

Sequence	Positive	Negative	Zero
Voltage (V)	250.5	1.3	1.4
Current (A)	68.218	7.133	11.014

Freq (Hz)	50.08
-----------	-------

[Voltage and Current](#)
 [Energy and Power](#)
 [Parameter Setting](#)

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4.2

ENERGY AND POWER PAGE

The **Energy and Power** webpage can be downloaded by clicking on the **Energy and Power** link in other webpages of the meter. The webpage as shown in Fig 83 should appear.

This webpage displays the following parameters:

- nett active, reactive and apparent power: all phases & total.
- nett active, reactive and apparent energy: all phases & total.
- imported active, reactive and apparent energy: all phases.
- exported active, reactive and apparent energy: all phases.
- displacement and total power factor: all phases.
- overall total power factor.
- nominal active, reactive & apparent power demand.

- maximum/peak active, reactive and apparent power demand.
- nominal thermal current demand: all phases.
- maximum/peak thermal current demand: all phases.
- time & date.

The imported energy is the energy flow from the supply end to the load while the exported energy is the energy flow from the load to the supply end. These parameters are NOT available for display at the meter.

By clicking on the links at the bottom of the webpage, the browser will download the corresponding webpage.

Clicking on the **Energy and Power** link will reload this webpage.

Digital Power Meter DPM680

Meter IP address: xxx.xxx.1.19

09:43, 04-09-2012

Energy and Power

Power	W	var	VA
L1	13143	-5057	14144
L2	19614	-1602	19767
L3	17904	-4895	18618
Total	50661	-11554	52529

Energy	Wh	varh	VAh
L1	3636148	-234312	3955251
L2	4928256	556229	5262182
L3	4593174	-749438	5236284
Total	13157579	-427522	14453717

Energy Import	Wh	varh	VAh
L1	3636148	369638	3955251
L2	4928256	838634	5262182
L3	4593174	334200	5236284

Energy Export	Wh	varh	VAh
L1	0	611238	0
L2	0	284121	0
L3	0	1090135	0

p.f.	Disp	Dir	Total	Dir
L1	0.986	LEAD	0.982	LEAD
L2	0.999	LEAD	0.996	LEAD
L3	0.984	LEAD	0.981	LEAD

Total p.f.	Dir
0.987	LEAD

PQS Demand	W	var	VA
Nominal	58195	-5975	58920
Peak	69800	144355	70135

I Demand	L1	L2	L3
Nominal (A)	70.140	92.700	72.280
Peak (A)	83.280	99.960	104.720

[Voltage and Current](#)[Energy and Power](#)[Parameter Setting](#)

4.3 PARAMETER SETTING PAGE

The **Parameter Setting** webpage can be downloaded by clicking on the **Parameter Setting** link in other webpages of the meter. The webpage as shown in Fig 84 should appear.

In this webpage, the user is allowed to modify the following displayed parameters:

- VT primary voltage
- VT secondary voltage
- CT primary current
- power demand interval
- power demand sub interval blocks
- thermal current demand interval
- thermal current demand sub interval blocks

NOTE:

The CT secondary current is fixed at 5A.

By clicking on the links at the bottom, the browser will download the corresponding webpage.

Clicking on the **Parameter Setting** link will reload this webpage.

Fig 84 : Energy and Power webpage display

Digital Power Meter DPM680

Meter IP address: 09:52, 04-09-2012

Network setting and configuration

Password:	<input type="text"/>	
New Password:	<input type="text"/>	
Retype New Password:	<input type="text"/>	
VT Primary Voltage(V):	<input type="text" value="100"/>	60 to 50,000
VT Secondary Voltage(V):	<input type="text" value="100"/>	60 to 450, below VT primary voltage
CT Primary Current(A):	<input type="text" value="100"/>	5 to 50,000
CT Secondary Current(A):	<input type="text" value="5"/>	
Dmd Power Interval(sec):	<input type="text" value="900"/>	60 to 1800 in multiples of 60
Dmd Power Interval Blocks:	<input type="text" value="3"/>	2 to 120, block period above 15 round secs
Dmd Current Interval(sec):	<input type="text" value="900"/>	60 to 1800 in multiples of 60
Dmd Current Interval Blocks:	<input type="text" value="3"/>	2 to 120, block period above 15 round secs

[Voltage and Current](#) [Energy and Power](#) [Parameter Setting](#)

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The input parameters are checked according to the following restrictions:

- the VT primary voltage is between 60V and 50,000V.
- the VT secondary voltage is between 60V and 300V AND it is lower than the VT primary voltage.
- the CT primary current is between 5A and 50,000A.
- the interval for both thermal current demand and power demand is between 60 and 1,800 in multiples of 60.
- the demand interval for both power and thermal current demands in secs must be whole number multiples of their respective sub interval periods and,
- the sub interval period must be longer than 15 secs.

If any of the above restrictions is violated, the user will be prompted to review the violated restriction, highlighted in red.

4.3.1 WEBPAGE PASSWORD

To authenticate the changing of parameters, a valid webpage password must be entered. The factory default webpage password is dpm680.

The user is advised to set his own webpage password for security reasons. This be done by entering the new webpage password in both the **New Password** and **Retype New Password** fields after entering the current webpage password in the **Password** field.

NOTE:

The maximum length of the webpage password is 15 characters.

If an invalid webpage password is entered, the parameter changes will not take place and the **Invalid Password or Setting** error message will appear, urging the user to retry.

5

MODBUS OPERATIONS

The meter is accessible through either Modbus-RTU or Modbus TCP/IP (only for DPM680).

NOTE:

It is NOT advisable to access the meter through both RTU and TCP/IP at the same time.

The table of variables and their respective addresses are similar for both protocols and they are listed in the **DPM680 Modbus Communication Manual** which can be downloaded from the www.itmikro.com website.

The Modbus registers are divided into 4 broad categories:

- Device Information Data
- Communication Information Data
- Setting Data
- Operations Data

The registers in ALL categories can be accessed through either function code 03 or 04. Only Setting Data registers can be overwritten through function code 06. Function code 06 can only be enabled through the meter touch buttons – please see section 3.8.2.2.

The physical interface for Modbus-RTU is isolated RS-485. Therefore, the limitations and restrictions according to the RS-485 standard must be observed. In particular, the total length should not be more than 1,000m per network and each network should be daisy- chained with not more than total 32 devices.

In the Modbus TCP/IP (only for DPM680) interface, the physical interface is 10M/100M Base T Ethernet, based on IPv4. The meter may auto-negotiate with the PC or router whenever possible to run at 100M Base T speed if available.

NOTE:

The device ID is fixed at 1 for Modbus TCP/IP.

The Modbus server is limited to opening no more than 2 TCP/IP sockets, i.e. it cannot serve more than 2 clients.

6 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

The meter contains no user serviceable parts. Please contact your dealer or local sales representative should the meter require maintenance service.

Table 4 shows some basic checking that can be done at the user level to identify some possible causes of problems and possible solutions.



Please do NOT open the meter. Doing so will void the warranty and may endanger the user.

Table 4 Troubleshooting guide

Problem	Possible Causes	Possible Solution
LCD display not illuminating	No power from the meter control power supply to the meter.	Verify meter control power connection to the meter, including fuses
Meter displaying unexpected value, phase order and polarity	Incorrect setting	Verify the meter settings as per section section 2.3
	Improper connection	Verify connections as per section 2.2, esp the polarity and phase order
Meter unable to communicate with remote terminal	Improper termination	Verify connections as per section 2.2, esp the polarity
	Improper termination	Verify the network terminator is installed properly
	Incorrect setting	Verify the meter settings as per section 3.8.2
	Incorrect setting	Verify the network settings as per section 2.4

APPENDIX A

SPECIFICATIONS

Table A.1 below shows the list of measurement parameters and their associated limits and resolution. It also shows the display, communication, environmental and mechanical attributes of the meter, including standards compliance.

Table A.1 Specification list

No	Parameter		Max Value	Min Value	Resolution	Accuracy
1. Voltage						
1.1	Direct line voltage	L1-2, L2-3 & L3-1	480 V	10 V	0.1 V	-
1.2	Direct phase voltage	L1-N, L2-N & L3-N	300 V	10 V	0.1 V	0.2% of full scale
1.3	Indirect phase voltage through VT	L1-N, L2-N & L3-N	50 kV	-	-	-
1.4	Peak phase voltage	L1-N, L2-N & L3-N	50 kV	-	-	-
2. Current						
2.1	CT secondary current	L1, L2 & L3	10 A	5 mA	1 mA	0.2% of full scale
2.2	Peak phase current	L1, L2 & L3	50 kA	-	-	-
2.3	Pulse withstand	1 sec	100A	-	-	-

Table A.1 Specification list

No	Parameter		Max Value	Min Value	Resolution	Accuracy
3. VT and CT						
3.1	CT primary current	L1, L2 & L3	50 kA	5 A	1 A	-
3.2	Current input burden	L1, L2, L3 & N	0.05 VA	-	-	-
3.3	VT primary voltage	L1-N, L2-N & L3-N	50 kV	60 V	1 V	-
3.4	VT secondary voltage	L1-N, L2-N & L3-N	300V	60 V	1 V	-
4. Power						
4.1	Active power	L1, L2, L3 & Total	$\pm 2 \times 10^9$ W	-	-	0.5%
4.2	Reactive power	L1, L2, L3 & Total	$\pm 2 \times 10^9$ VAR	-	-	0.5%
4.3	Apparent power	L1, L2, L3 & Total	$\pm 2 \times 10^9$ VA	-	-	0.5%
5. Energy						
5.1	Active energy	L1, L2, L3 & Total	$\pm 9 \times 10^{18}$ Wh	-	1 Wh	IEC 62053-22 Class 0.5
5.2	Reactive energy	L1, L2, L3 & Total	$\pm 9 \times 10^{18}$ Varh	-	1 Varh	IEC 62053-23 Class 2
5.3	Apparent energy	L1, L2, L3 & Total	$\pm 9 \times 10^{18}$ VAh	-	1 VAh	-
6. Power factor						
6.1	Total power factor	L1, L2, L3 & Nett	1.000	0.5	0.001	0.5%, 1A to 5A
6.2	Displacement power factor	L1, L2 & L3	1.000	0.5	0.001	0.5%, 1A to 5A

Table A.1 Specification list

No	Parameter		Max Value	Min Value	Resolution	Accuracy
7. Power quality						
7.1	Voltage THD	L1, L2 & L3	100.0%	-	0.1%	-
7.2	Current THD	L1, L2 & L3	100.0%	-	0.1%	-
7.3	Harmonics content	L1, L2 & L3	100.0%	-	1%	-
7.4	Frequency	-	65.00 Hz	45.00 Hz	0.01 Hz	0.2%
8. Sequence components						
8.1	Sequence voltage	Positive, negative & zero	50 kV	-	-	-
8.2	Sequence current	Positive, negative & zero	50 kA	-	-	-
9. Demand						
9.1	Thermal current demand nominal & max	L1, L2 & L3	50 kA	-	-	-
9.2	Max thermal current demand	L1, L2 & L3	50 kA	-	-	-
9.3	Power demand	P, Q & S	$\pm 2 \times 10^9$ W	-	-	-
9.4	Max power demand	P, Q & S	$\pm 2 \times 10^9$ W	-	-	-
9.5	Demand interval	Thermal current & power	1800 sec	60 sec	60 sec	-
9.6	Demand sub interval blocks	Thermal current & power	180	2	-	-
10. Waveform display						
10.1	Voltage full scale	L1, L2 & L3	110 V, 220 V & 440 V rms			-
10.2	Current full scale	L1, L2 & L3	20%, 40% & 80% of rated rms current			-

Table A.1 Specification list

No	Parameter		Max Value	Min Value	Resolution	Accuracy
11. Communication						
11.1	Baud rate	Isolated RS-485	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 & 38400 bps			-
11.2	Data format	Isolated RS-485	Odd parity: 1 stop, even parity: 1 stop, no parity: 1 stop or 2 stops			-
11.3	Base T speed (only for DPM680)	Auto negotiate	100M	10M	-	-
12. Meter control power supply						
12.1	Supply voltage	AC	415 V	90 V	-	10%
12.2	Supply voltage	DC	300 V	100 V	-	10%
12.3	Frequency		60 Hz	50 Hz	-	-
12.4	Power consumption		typ 4.5W		-	-
12.5	AC Sustained overload		500 V	-	-	-
13. Environmental						
13.1	Overvoltage category		IV			
13.2	Pollution degree		2			
13.3	Operating temperature		+55°C	-10°C	-	-
13.4	Storage temperature		+70°C	-20°C	-	-
13.5	Humidity	Non condensing	95%	5%		
13.6	Location		Indoor only			
13.7	Altitude		2000m	-	-	-
14. Mechanical						
14.1	Mounting		DIN 43700 or ANSI C39.1			-
14.2	Dimension		96 x 96 x 83 mm			
14.3	Weight		400 g	-	-	-
14.4	Protection (as per IEC 60529)	Panel	IP 63			-
14.5		Body	IP 20			-
15. Standard compliance						
15.1	Electromagnetic Compatibility		EN 61326-1: 2013, IEC 61326-1: 2012			-
15.2	Safety		IEC 61010-1: 2010, IEC 61010-2-030: 2010 EN 61010-1: 2010, EN 61010-2-030: 2010			-
15.3	Environment		IEC 60068-2			-

APPENDIX B

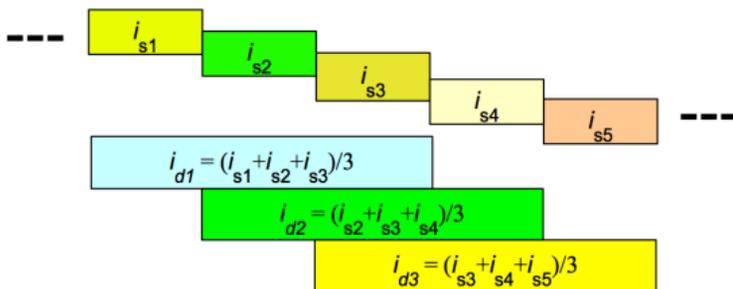
NUMERICAL METHODS

B.1 DEMAND CALCULATION

Demand parameters are used to show average values over a demand interval.

This power meter calculates the demand quantity by using the sliding block method. In this method, the demand interval is divided into n sub intervals. For each sub interval s , the quantity average, q_s is taken. Finally, the demand quantity is the average of the n consecutive sub interval quantity averages over the demand interval, i.e. $\Sigma(q_s)/n$. The demand quantity is therefore updated at the expiry of each sub interval.

In the example shown in the figure below for 3 sub intervals per demand interval, sub interval average currents, i_{s1} to i_{s5} are taken over sub intervals 1 to 5. At the end of sub interval 3, the demand current i_{d1} is calculated from the average of the last 3 sub interval average currents, i.e. $i_{d1} = (i_{s1} + i_{s2} + i_{s3}) / 3$. This process will repeat again at the end of sub interval 4 where $i_{d2} = (i_{s2} + i_{s3} + i_{s4}) / 3$.



B.2 TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION CALCULATION

Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) is a power quality indicator used to show the extent of voltage and current waveform distortion by the load. The THD is calculated by the following equation:

$$\text{THD} = \{h_2 + h_3 + h_4 + \dots + h_{32}\} / h_1 \times 100\%$$

where h_n represents the n^{th} harmonic component of the quantity, resolved using Fourier's Transform.

B.3 SEQUENCE COMPONENTS CALCULATION

Sequence components are abstract quantities resolved from the phase voltages and currents. They describe the degree and nature of imbalance and phase reversal. Any 3-phase system can be resolved into 3 balanced 3-phase components: positive, negative and zero sequences using the following equations:

$$I_{\text{zero}} = \frac{1}{3} \{ I_1 + I_2 + I_3 \}$$

$$I_{\text{pos}} = \frac{1}{3} \{ I_1 + aI_2 + a^2I_3 \}$$

$$I_{\text{neg}} = \frac{1}{3} \{ I_1 + a^2I_2 + aI_3 \}$$

where $a = 120^\circ$ unit vector phase shifter

$$V_{\text{zero}} = \frac{1}{3} \{ V_1 + V_2 + V_3 \}$$

$$V_{\text{pos}} = \frac{1}{3} \{ V_1 + aV_2 + a^2V_3 \}$$

$$V_{\text{neg}} = \frac{1}{3} \{ V_1 + a^2V_2 + aV_3 \}$$

These values are useful for identifying sources of imbalance and for troubleshooting protective relay settings and wiring faults such as phase reversals.

B.4 POWER FACTOR CALCULATION

The total power factor is a measure of effectiveness of actual power transfer and it is calculated by the following equation:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Total power factor} &= \text{Active power} / \{\text{RMS voltage} \times \text{RMS current}\} \\ &= \text{Active power} / \text{Apparent power}\end{aligned}$$

The overall total power factor is calculated based on arithmetic apparent power and total active power.

On the other hand, the displacement power factor is calculated using only the fundamental components of the voltage, current and active power, i.e.

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Displacement power factor} &= \text{Fundamental active power} / \\ &\quad \{\text{Fundamental RMS voltage} \\ &\quad \times \text{Fundamental RMS current}\}\end{aligned}$$

B.5 APPARENT POWER CALCULATION

For individual phases, the true apparent power is calculated from the rms voltage and current by the following equation:

$$\text{True apparent power} = \text{true rms voltage} \times \text{true rms current}$$

To obtain the overall true apparent power, the true apparent power of individual phases are summed arithmetically by the following equation:

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Overall true apparent power} &= \text{Phase L1 true apparent power} + \\ &\quad \text{Phase L2 true apparent power} + \\ &\quad \text{Phase L3 true apparent power}\end{aligned}$$



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